

Project Performance Evaluation of the Madhya Pradesh



Major District Roads Project (MPMDRP)

Facts

Total project cost:

USD 500 million

NDB share:

USD 350 million

Government of Madhya Pradesh share:

USD 150 million

Project implemented in **24** districts of Madhya Pradesh

Total beneficiaries:

434.000 people

Objectives of the project

- Improve connectivity of the interior areas of the state with the national and state highways networks, to enhance economic and social welfare.
- The Project comprised the upgradation, rehabilitation or reconstruction of approximately 1.500 km of district roads.

NDB in India

Since 2016, NDB has invested in **20 projects** in the country.

Total cost of

USD 7.2 billion

4 million people

expected to benefit.

Sector context

- Roads have been recognized as a crucial factor in socio-economic development.
- The State of Madhya Pradesh occupies a strategic position in the heartland of India at the intersection of India's major North-South and East-West transport corridors.
- India's road network is the second largest in the world with 6.371 million kilometres of roads.
- However, the road density is 35 kms per 100 sq km of geographical area which is less than half of the national average of 75 kms.

Key Evaluation Findings

Areas of strength

- MPMDRP's objectives are well aligned with Government policies and NDB General Strategies.
- 1,551 km of major district roads were upgraded as compared to 1,500 targeted in design and 130 road accident black spots eliminated.
- The average monthly incomes of beneficiaries increased by around 55 percent from Indian Rupees 13,500 to 21,000.
- The performance and experience of the PIU and involvement of the private sector as partners in implementation and maintenance contributed to its success.
- Sustainability prospects are encouraging, also due to private sector engagement in maintenance.

Areas in need of attention

- Insufficient analytic work at design, which was also not guided by a country strategy.
- Limited supervision and implementation support.
- Institutional knowledge and continuity were lacking during implementation.
- Project designs need stronger analysis and discussion in the choice of materials and technical standards in laying of road surfaces.
- Lack of multimodal transport strategy and insufficient axle load management.

Recommendations

Recommendations for NDB

- Preparation of an India-NDB country strategy.
- Strengthen design quality at entry.
- Improve project supervision and implementation support.
- Enhance project monitoring and evaluation.
- Further articulate the role of the India regional office in country programme delivery.

Recommendations for Government Madhya Pradesh

- Prepare multimodal transport strategy/plan to support effective connectivity.
- Preserve assets and strengthen road safety.
- Develop guidelines for road selection and ensure enforcement.